109TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. RES. **508**

Designating October 20, 2006, as "National Mammography Day".

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 13, 2006

Mr. Biden submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

RESOLUTION

Designating October 20, 2006, as "National Mammography Day".

- Whereas, according to the American Cancer Society, in 2006, 212,920 women will be diagnosed with breast cancer and 40,970 women will die from that disease;
- Whereas it is estimated that about 2,000,000 women were diagnosed with breast cancer in the 1990s, and that, in nearly 500,000 of those cases, the cancer resulted in death;
- Whereas African-American women suffer a 30 percent greater mortality rate from breast cancer than White women and more than a 100 percent greater mortality rate from breast cancer than women from Hispanic, Asian, and American Indian populations;

- Whereas the risk of breast cancer increases with age, with a woman at age 70 having twice as much of a chance of developing the disease as a woman at age 50;
- Whereas at least 80 percent of the women who get breast cancer have no family history of the disease;
- Whereas mammograms, when operated professionally at a certified facility, can provide safe screening and early detection of breast cancer in many women;
- Whereas mammography is an excellent method for early detection of localized breast cancer, which has a 5-year survival rate of more than 97 percent;
- Whereas the National Cancer Institute and the American Cancer Society continue to recommend periodic mammograms; and
- Whereas the National Breast Cancer Coalition recommends that each woman and her health care provider make an individual decision about mammography: Now, therefore, be it
 - 1 Resolved, That the Senate—
 - 2 (1) designates October 20, 2006, as "National
 - 3 Mammography Day"; and
 - 4 (2) encourages the people of the United States
 - 5 to observe the day with appropriate programs and
 - 6 activities.

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